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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A rotor for a line-start reluctance motor, comprising:

a core having an axis coupling hole in a coupling direction of a shaft;

a plurality of bars formed in the periphery of the core; and

a plurality of flux barriers, one and the other ends of the flux barriers approaching the

bars formed in first and second areas facing each other at a predetermined angle on a central line

of a first axis on a core plane vertical to the coupling direction, wherein at least parts of the

centers of the flux barriers passing through a third or fourth area between the first and second

areas, surrounding and detour around the axis coupling hole at predetermined intervals so that

intervals between the axis coupling hole and the flux barrier are substantially uniform.

2. (Original) The rotor of claim 1, wherein the flux barriers surround-detour around the

axis coupling hole in a circular arc shape.

3. (Original) The rotor of claim 1 or 2, wherein the flux barriers are continuous.

4. (Original) The rotor of claim 1, wherein the flux barriers are symmetric on a second

axis vertical to the first axis on the core plane.

5. (Original) The rotor of claim 1, wherein a rate of an area of the flux barriers to a

whole area of the core plane is 0.35 to 0.45.

- 6. (Original) The rotor of claim 5, wherein the rate of the area is 0.39.
- 7. (Original) The rotor of claim 1, wherein a rate of a whole width of the flux barriers to a width between the axis coupling hole and the outer circumference of the core is 0.35 to 0.45.
 - 8. (Original) The rotor of claim 7, wherein the rate of the width is 0.405.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The rotor of claim 1, A rotor for a line-start reluctance motor, comprising:

a core having an axis coupling hole in a coupling direction of a shaft;

a plurality of bars formed in the periphery of the core; and

a plurality of flux barriers, one and the other ends of the flux barriers approaching the bars formed in first and second areas facing each other at a predetermined angle on a central line of a first axis on a core plane vertical to the coupling direction, at least parts of the centers of the flux barriers passing through a third or fourth area between the first and second areas, surrounding the axis coupling hole at predetermined intervals;

wherein central lines of one and the other ends of the flux barriers and central lines of the bars which the flux barriers approach are disposed in the same directions, the central lines of the bars facing the center of the core.

10. (Original) The rotor of claim 9, wherein the central lines of the bars and the central lines of the flux barriers are formed on the same lines.

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11. (Currently Amended) The rotor of claim 1-or-10, wherein a width of the flux barriers

is equal to or smaller than that of the bars which the flux barriers approach.

12. (Original) The rotor of claim 1, wherein intervals between the flux barriers and the

bars which the flux barriers approach are constant

13. (Original) The rotor of claim 12, wherein the intervals are less than 0.35mm.

14. (Original) The rotor of claim 1, wherein a width of the outer circumferences of the

bars adjacent to the outer circumference of the core is larger than that of the inner circumferences

of the bars adjacent to the flux barriers.

15. (Original) The rotor of claim 1, wherein some of the bars in the first and second areas

are not adjacent to the flux barriers.

16. (Original) The rotor of claim 1, wherein intervals between the bars and the outer

circumference of the core are all the same.

17. (Currently Amended) The rotor of claim 1, wherein the A rotor for a line-start

reluctance motor, comprising:

a core having an axis coupling hole in a coupling direction of a shaft;

a plurality of bars formed in the periphery of the core;

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a plurality of flux barriers, one and the other ends of the flux barriers approaching the

bars formed in first and second areas facing each other at a predetermined angle on a central line

of a first axis on a core plane vertical to the coupling direction, at least parts of the centers of the

flux barriers passing through a third or fourth area between the first and second areas,

surrounding the axis coupling hole at predetermined intervals; and

a plurality of sub flux barriers are formed between the bars in the third and fourth areas.

18. (Currently Amended) The rotor of claim 1 or 17, A rotor for a line-start reluctance

motor, comprising:

a core having an axis coupling hole in a coupling direction of a shaft;

a plurality of bars formed in the periphery of the core; and

a plurality of flux barriers, one and the other ends of the flux barriers approaching the

bars formed in first and second areas facing each other at a predetermined angle on a central line

of a first axis on a core plane vertical to the coupling direction, at least parts of the centers of the

flux barriers passing through a third or fourth area between the first_and_second_areas,

surrounding the axis coupling hole at predetermined intervals;

wherein an area of the bars in the third and fourth areas is smaller than that of the bars in

the first and second areas.

19. (Currently Amended) The rotor of claim 1 or 17, A rotor for a line-start reluctance

motor, comprising:

a core having an axis coupling hole in a coupling direction of a shaft;

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a plurality of bars formed in the periphery of the core; and

a plurality of flux barriers, one and the other ends of the flux barriers approaching the

bars formed in first and second areas facing each other at a predetermined angle on a central line

of a first axis on a core plane vertical to the coupling direction, at least parts of the centers of the

flux barriers passing through a third or fourth area between the first and second areas,

surrounding the axis coupling hole at predetermined intervals;

wherein intervals between the bars in the third and fourth areas are smaller than those

between the bars in the first and second areas.

20. (Currently Amended) The rotor of claim 1 or 17, A rotor for a line-start reluctance

motor, comprising:

a core having an axis coupling hole in a coupling direction of a shaft;

a plurality of bars formed in the periphery of the core; and

a plurality of flux barriers, one and the other ends of the flux barriers approaching the

bars formed in first and second areas facing each other at a predetermined angle on a central line

of a first axis on a core plane vertical to the coupling direction, at least parts of the centers of the

flux barriers passing through a third or fourth area between the first and second areas,

surrounding the axis coupling hole at predetermined intervals;

wherein a width of the outer circumferences of the bars in the third and fourth areas is

larger than that of the outer circumferences of the bars in the first and second areas.

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21. (Currently Amended) The rotor of claim 1, 15 or 17, wherein an angle of the first and

second areas is 100 to 110°.

22. (Original) The rotor of claim 21, wherein the angle is 104°.

23. (Currently Amended) The rotor of claim 1 or 17, A rotor for a line-start reluctance

motor, comprising:

a core having an axis coupling hole in a coupling direction of a shaft;

a plurality of bars formed in the periphery of the core; and

a plurality of flux barriers, one and the other ends of the flux barriers approaching the

bars formed in first and second areas facing each other at a predetermined angle on a central line

of a first axis on a core plane vertical to the coupling direction, at least parts of the centers of the

flux barriers passing through a third or fourth area between the first and second areas,

surrounding the axis coupling hole at predetermined intervals;

wherein a length of the bars in the first and second areas is larger than that of the bars in

the third and fourth areas.

24. (Original) The rotor of claim 23, wherein at least one flux barrier is formed between

a common tangent line of the inner circumferences of the bars in the first and second areas and a

common tangent line of the inner circumferences of the bars in the third and fourth areas.

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from the axis coupling hole.

25. (Currently Amended) A rotor for a line-start reluctance motor, comprising:

a core having an axis coupling hole in a coupling direction of a shaft;

a plurality of bars formed in the periphery of the core; and

a plurality of flux barriers having their both ends aligned in one direction to approach the bars, respectively, central lines of the bars facing the center of the core and central lines of both ends of the flux barriers being formed in the same directions, the flux barriers being spaced apart

26. (Currently Amended) The rotor of claim 25, wherein the central lines of the bars and the central lines of both ends of the flux barriers are formed on the same lines, and the flux barriers are spaced apart from the corresponding bars.

27. (Currently Amended) The rotor of claim 25, wherein the A rotor for a line-start reluctance motor, comprising:

a core having an axis coupling hole in a coupling direction of a shaft;

a plurality of bars formed in the periphery of the core;

<u>a plurality of flux barriers having their both ends aligned in one direction to approach the</u>

<u>bars, respectively, central lines of the bars facing the center of the core and central lines of both</u>

ends of the flux barriers being formed in the same directions; and

<u>a plurality of sub</u> flux barriers are formed between the bars disposed in a vertical direction to an alignment direction of the flux barriers.

28. (Currently Amended) The rotor of claim 25 or 27, A rotor for a line-start reluctance motor, comprising:

a core having an axis coupling hole in a coupling direction of a shaft;

a plurality of bars formed in the periphery of the core; and

a plurality of flux barriers having their both ends aligned in one direction to approach the bars, respectively, central lines of the bars facing the center of the core and central lines of both ends of the flux barriers being formed in the same directions;

wherein an area of the bars disposed in the vertical direction to the alignment direction of the flux barriers is smaller than that of the bars disposed in the alignment direction of the flux barriers.

29. (Currently Amended) The rotor of claim 25 or 27. A rotor for a line-start reluctance motor, comprising:

a core having an axis coupling hole in a coupling direction of a shaft;

a plurality of bars formed in the periphery of the core; and

a plurality of flux barriers having their both ends aligned in one direction to approach the bars, respectively, central lines of the bars facing the center of the core and central lines of both ends of the flux barriers being formed in the same directions;

wherein intervals between the bars disposed in the vertical direction to the alignment direction of the flux barriers are smaller than those between the bars disposed in the alignment direction of the flux barriers.

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30. (Currently Amended) The rotor of claim 25-or 27, wherein a width of the outer

circumferences of the bars disposed in the vertical direction to the alignment direction of the flux

barriers is larger than that of the outer circumferences of the bars disposed in the alignment

direction of the flux barriers.

31. (Currently Amended) The rotor of claim 25 or 27, A rotor for a line-start reluctance

motor, comprising:

a core having an axis coupling hole in a coupling direction of a shaft;

a plurality of bars formed in the periphery of the core; and

a plurality of flux barriers having their both ends aligned in one direction to approach the

bars, respectively, central lines of the bars facing the center of the core and central lines of both

ends of the flux barriers being formed in the same directions;

wherein a length of the bars disposed in the alignment direction of the flux barriers is

larger than that of the bars disposed in the vertical direction to the alignment direction of the flux

barriers.

32. (Original) The rotor of claim 31, wherein at least one flux barrier is formed between

a common tangent line of the inner circumferences of the bars disposed in the alignment

direction of the flux barriers and a common tangent line of the inner circumferences of the bars

disposed in the vertical direction to the alignment direction of the flux barriers.

Page 12 of 23 33. (Original) The rotor of claim 25, wherein a width of the flux barriers is equal to or

smaller than that of the bars disposed in the alignment direction of the flux barriers.

34. (Currently Amended) A rotor for a line-start reluctance motor, comprising:

a core having an axis coupling hole in a coupling direction of a shaft:

a plurality of bars formed in the periphery of the core; and

a plurality of flux barriers having their both ends aligned in one direction to approach the

bars, respectively, a width of the flux barriers being substantially equal to or smaller than that of

the bars which both ends of the flux barriers approach.

35. (Currently Amended) The rotor of claim 33, wherein the A rotor for a line-start

reluctance motor, comprising:

a core having an axis coupling hole in a coupling direction of a shaft;

a plurality of bars formed in the periphery of the core;

a plurality of flux barriers having their both ends aligned in one direction to approach the

bars, respectively, a width of the flux barriers being equal to or smaller than that of the bars

which both ends of the flux barriers approach; and

a plurality of sub flux barriers are formed between the bars disposed in a vertical

direction to an alignment direction of the flux barriers.

36. (Currently Amended) The rotor of claim 34 or 35. A rotor for a line-start reluctance

motor, comprising:

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a core having an axis coupling hole in a coupling direction of a shaft;

a plurality of bars formed in the periphery of the core; and

a plurality of flux barriers having their both ends aligned in one direction to approach the bars, respectively, a width of the flux barriers being equal to or smaller than that of the bars which both ends of the flux barriers approach;

wherein an area of the bars disposed in the vertical direction to the alignment direction of the flux barriers is smaller than that of the bars disposed in the alignment direction of the flux barriers.

37. (Currently Amended) The rotor of claim 34 or 35, A rotor for a line-start reluctance motor, comprising:

a core having an axis coupling hole in a coupling direction of a shaft;

a plurality of bars formed in the periphery of the core; and

a plurality of flux barriers having their both ends aligned in one direction to approach the bars, respectively, a width of the flux barriers being equal to or smaller than that of the bars which both ends of the flux barriers approach;

wherein intervals between the bars disposed in the vertical direction to the alignment direction of the flux barriers are smaller than those between the bars disposed in the alignment direction of the flux barriers.

38. (Currently Amended) The rotor of claim 34-or-35, wherein a width of the outer circumferences of the bars disposed in the vertical direction to the alignment direction of the flux

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barriers is larger than that of the outer circumferences of the bars disposed in the alignment

direction of the flux barriers.

39. (Currently Amended) The rotor of claim 34-or 35, A rotor for a line-start reluctance

motor, comprising:

a core having an axis coupling hole in a coupling direction of a shaft;

a plurality of bars formed in the periphery of the core; and

a plurality of flux barriers having their both ends aligned in one direction to approach the

bars, respectively, a width of the flux barriers being equal to or smaller than that of the bars

which both ends of the flux barriers approach;

wherein a length of the bars disposed in the alignment direction of the flux barriers is

larger than that of the bars disposed in the vertical direction to the alignment direction of the flux

barriers.

40. (Original) The rotor of claim 39, wherein at least one flux barrier is formed between

a common tangent line of the inner circumferences of the bars disposed in the alignment

direction of the flux barriers and a common tangent line of the inner circumferences of the bars

disposed in the vertical direction to the alignment direction of the flux barriers.

41. (Original) A rotor for a line-start reluctance motor, comprising:

a core having an axis coupling hole in a coupling direction of a shaft;

a plurality of bars formed in the periphery of the core; and

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a plurality of flux barriers aligned in one direction, a length of the bars disposed in an

alignment direction of the flux barriers being larger than that of the bars disposed in a vertical

direction to the alignment direction of the flux barriers.

42. (Original) The rotor of claim 41, wherein at least one flux barrier is formed between

a common tangent line of the inner circumferences of the bars disposed in the alignment

direction of the flux barriers and a common tangent line of the inner circumferences of the bars

disposed in the vertical direction to the alignment direction of the flux barriers.

43. (Original) The rotor of claim 41, wherein the flux barriers are formed between the

bars disposed in the vertical direction to the alignment direction of the flux barriers.

44. (Original) The rotor of claim 41 or 43, wherein an area of the bars disposed in the

vertical direction to the alignment direction of the flux barriers is smaller than that of the bars

disposed in the alignment direction of the flux barriers.

45. (Original) The rotor of claim 41 or 43, wherein intervals between the bars disposed

in the vertical direction to the alignment direction of the flux barriers are smaller than those

between the bars disposed in the alignment direction of the flux barriers.

46. (Original) The rotor of claim 41 or 43, wherein a width of the outer circumferences

of the bars disposed in the vertical direction to the alignment direction of the flux barriers is

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larger than that of the outer circumferences of the bars disposed in the alignment direction of the flux barriers.

47. (New) The rotor of claim 34, wherein the width of the flux barriers are substantially constant.